

Great Wilbraham C of E Primary School

Headteacher: Mr Richard Brown BEd (Hons) NPQH

Great Wilbraham C of E Primary School, Church Street, Great Wilbraham, Cambridge, CB21 5JQ, 01223 880408

The Education (Pupil Registration) Regulations 2006, as amended 2013

Request for authorisati	on of a Pupil Absence F	Request for Exce	eptional Circumstances	
I wish to apply for (chil	d name):			
Class:				
To be authorised as be (inclusive dates)	eing absent from schoo	ol from:	to	
The exceptional reaso necessary)	n why the absence nee	eds to be taken	in term time is: (continue on separa	ate sheet if
Please list below any si	iblings and schools they	y attend: 		
Signature: (parent/carer)			Date:	
absence during term tright to withdraw pupil	ime unless there are ex	ceptional circu w, have to app	that Headteachers may not grant c mstances. Parents do not have the bly for permission in advance. The sc	automatic
	orm and send to the He been considered by the		u are advised not to make any arro	ıngements
This school will not auti	norise the request for al	bsence from scl	hool if your child's attendance is be	elow 90%.
			e Headteacher is marked as 'Unaut ee back of form for details of this)	horised
SCHOOL USE ONLY	Specify dates unaut	horised:		
	Specify dates author	rised:		
Signature of Headteacher:			Date:	
A personal discussion	with you is requested -	Please contact	† •	

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Last academic year attendance









Current school attendance







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Guidance

Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 has been amended (as of 1 September 2013) to prohibit the proprietor (headteacher) of a maintained school granting leave of absence to a pupil except where an application has been made in advance and the proprietor considers that there are <u>exceptional circumstances</u> relating to the application. The expectation of the Local Authority is that term time holidays should not be planned or booked as a matter of course as they are likely to be **unauthorised** and may lead to the issuing of a penalty notice (fine).

Exceptional circumstances

Are defined as:

- Forces Personnel on leave from a foreign posting;
- Exceptional significant family events or circumstances (e.g. terminal illness of a close relative, recent death or other significant trauma where it is felt an **immediate** holiday might help the child concerned deal better with the situation). Each case will be considered on an individual basis.

The Head teachers will consider every above request individually but parents should be aware that the **following do not meet the criteria set by the DfE:**

- Relatives coming to visit;
- Cheaper holidays in England and abroad;
- Family day trips;
- Employers declining parents leave during school holidays;
- Visiting family/friends that have different half term holidays and may include refusal to attend family weddings and visits to see family abroad.

Authorised officers have the discretion to issue a penalty notice without warning where the parent has either chosen to take the child on leave during term time without authorisation or evidence is subsequently found to suggest a child was away from school with the knowledge of the parent and does not meet the statutory defences mentioned below.

Penalty Notices

Through section 444A and section 444B of the Education Act 1996, it has become possible that certain cases of unauthorised absence can be dealt with by way of a Penalty Notice. Penalty Notices require **each parent** of a child of compulsory school age, whose attendance has been unsatisfactory, to pay a penalty, currently £60.00 if paid within 21 days or £120.00 if paid within 28 days.

If you do not pay the Penalty Notice, you will be automatically summonsed to appear in Court for an offence under Section 444(1) Education Act 1996 and can result in a criminal conviction recorded against you.

Courts have a wider range of sentencing options, which could include a maximum fine of up to £1000. The only statutory defences to the offence under Section 444(1) Education Act 1996 are:

- The child was absent for medical reasons;
- The LEA failed to provide transport when required to do so;
- The absences were due to religious observance;
- You had permission of the school or there was an unavoidable cause.

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