# Great Wilbraham C of E Primary Academy

Co Acting Headteachers: Kim Holtby and Jane Francis

Great Wilbraham C of E Primary School, Church Street, Great Wilbraham, Cambridge, CB21 5JQ, 01223 880408

The Education (Pupil Registration) Regulations 2006, as amended 2013

Request for authorisation	n of a Pupil Absence R			umstances	
I wish to apply for (child name):					
Class:					
To be authorised as beir (inclusive dates)	ng absent from school	from:		to	
The exceptional reason necessary)	why the absence nee	ds to be to	aken in term time	is: (continue on se	parate sheet if
Please list below any sib	lings and schools they	attend:			
Signature: (parent/carer)			Date:		
NB: Amendments to the absence during term tin right to withdraw pupils always want to discuss the Please complete this for until your request has be	ne unless there are exc from school and, in law his with you personally rm and send to the Hea	ceptional ov, have to	circumstances. Po apply for permiss	arents do not have sion in advance. Th	the automatic ne school will
This school will not autho Any absence which has Absence' and may resu	not been agreed in a	dvance b	y the Headteach	er is marked as 'Ur	nauthorised
SCHOOL USE ONLY Specify dates unauthorised: Specify dates authorised:					
Signature of Headteac		sea.		Date:	
A personal discussion w		Please co	ntact:		
Last academic year attendance			Current school attendance		

TOGETHER we are CARING, CONFIDENT and CREATIVE learners

















# Great Wilbraham C of E Primary Academy

Co Acting Headteachers: Kim Holtby and Jane Francis
Great Wilbraham C of E Primary School, Church Street, Great Wilbraham, Cambridge, CB21 5JQ, 01223 880408

#### Guidance

Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 has been amended (as of 1 September 2013) to prohibit the proprietor (headteacher) of a maintained school granting leave of absence to a pupil except where an application has been made in advance and the proprietor considers that there are <u>exceptional circumstances</u> relating to the application. The expectation of the Local Authority is that term time holidays should not be planned or booked as a matter of course as they are likely to be **unauthorised** and may lead to the issuing of a penalty notice (fine).

### **Exceptional circumstances**

Are defined as:

- Forces Personnel on leave from a foreign posting;
- **Exceptional significant** family events or circumstances (e.g. terminal illness of a close relative, recent death or other significant trauma where it is felt an **immediate** holiday might help the child concerned deal better with the situation). Each case will be considered on an individual basis.

The Head teachers will consider every above request individually but parents should be aware that the following do not meet the criteria set by the DfE:

- Relatives coming to visit;
- Cheaper holidays in England and abroad;
- Family day trips;
- Employers declining parents leave during school holidays;
- Visiting family/friends that have different half term holidays and may include refusal to attend family weddings and visits to see family abroad.

Authorised officers have the discretion to issue a penalty notice without warning where the parent has either chosen to take the child on leave during term time without authorisation or evidence is subsequently found to suggest a child was away from school with the knowledge of the parent and does not meet the statutory defences mentioned below.

## **Penalty Notices**

Through section 444A and section 444B of the Education Act 1996, it has become possible that certain cases of unauthorised absence can be dealt with by way of a Penalty Notice. Penalty Notices require **each parent** of a child of compulsory school age, whose attendance has been unsatisfactory, to pay a penalty, currently £60.00 if paid within 21 days or £120.00 if paid within 28 days.

If you do not pay the Penalty Notice, you will be automatically summonsed to appear in Court for an offence under Section 444(1) Education Act 1996 and can result in a criminal conviction recorded against you.

Courts have a wider range of sentencing options, which could include a maximum fine of up to £1000. The only statutory defences to the offence under Section 444(1) Education Act 1996 are:

- The child was absent for medical reasons;
- The LEA failed to provide transport when required to do so;
- The absences were due to religious observance;
- You had permission of the school or there was an unavoidable cause.

TOGETHER we are CARING, CONFIDENT and CREATIVE learners















